

# Poor embryo development: biopsy or not biopsy?

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Bologna, May 8, 2016

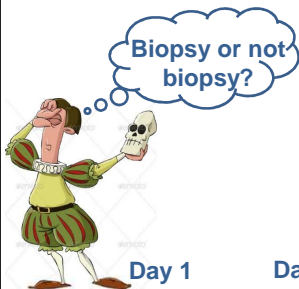


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## Embryo biopsy



Day 1

Day 2

Day 3

Day 4

Day 5

Day 6

Polar Body  
Biopsy



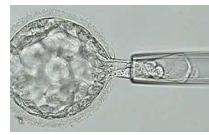
Cleavage stage  
biopsy



Morula stage  
biopsy



Blastocyst biopsy  
Trophectoderm    Blastocoelic fluid



# 1. Polar Body Biopsy

- ✓ Polar bodies are by-products of meiosis which have no influence on further embryo development
- ✓ Generally more accepted from a legal point of view
- ✓ Minimally invasive
- ✓ More time to carry out tests
- ✓ Not under division
- ✓ No mosaicism
- ✗ No information about paternal genome



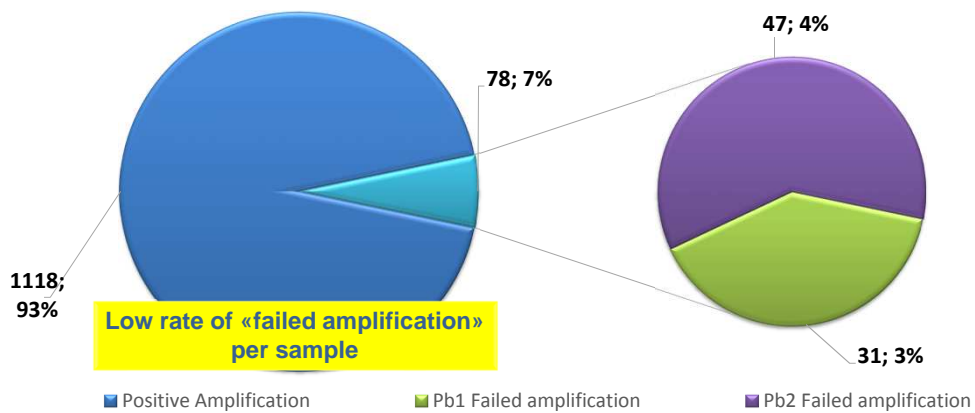
# 1. Polar Body Biopsy

## DIAGNOSTIC EFFICIENCY

2013-2015

122 cycles-115 couples →PGS for advanced maternal age

598 biopsied zygotes-> 1196 polar bodies analyzed



Low rate of «failed amplification» per sample

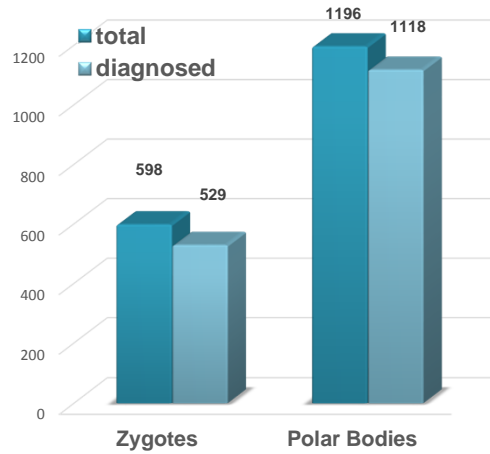
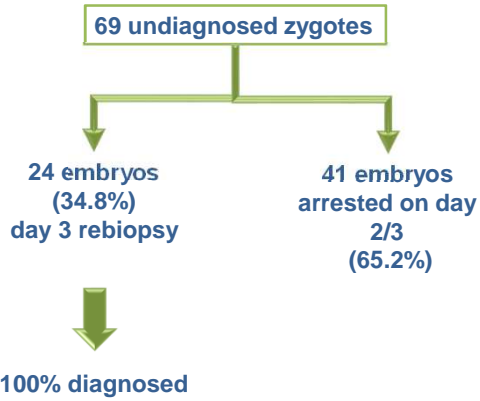
S.I.S.Me.R. data



# 1. Polar Body Biopsy

## DIAGNOSTIC EFFICIENCY

529 zygotes diagnosed on 598 (88.5%)



Zygotes/PBs' morphology not related to positive results

Negative results mostly related to poor embryo quality

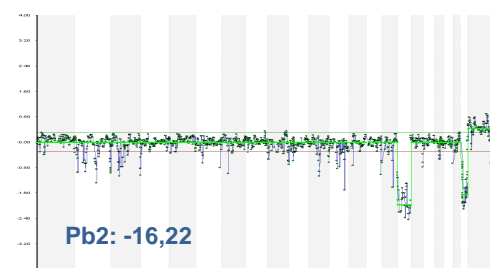
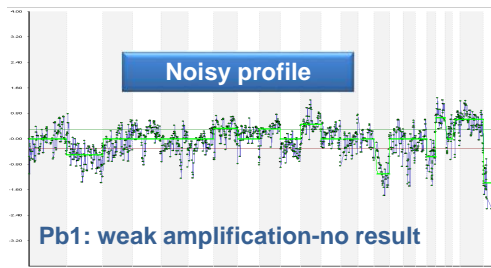
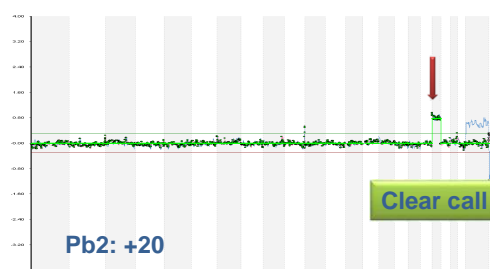
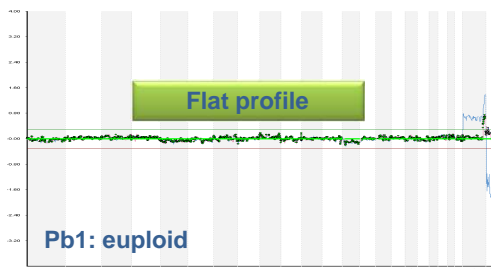
PB Storage and delivery can be an issue

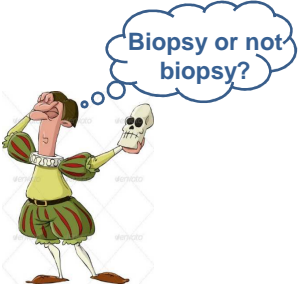


S.I.S.Me.R. data



# 1. Polar Body Biopsy



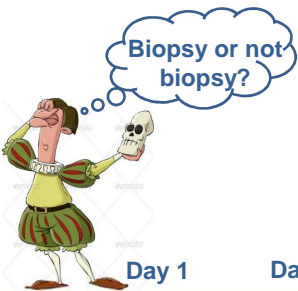


# 1. Polar Bodies Biopsy

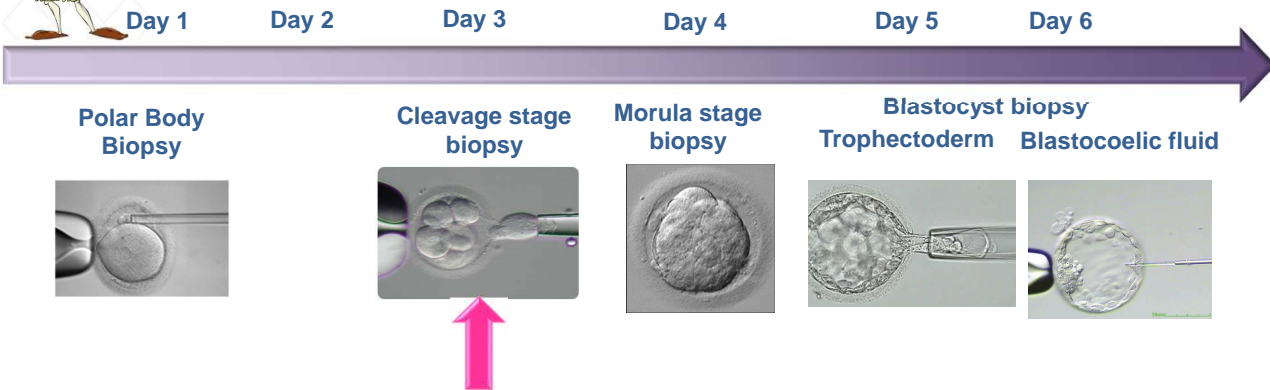
From the genetic lab point of view :

**DO IT!**

11.5% of zygotes do not have a complete diagnosis → 2/3 arrest  
only 4% of developing zygotes undiagnosed



# Embryo biopsy



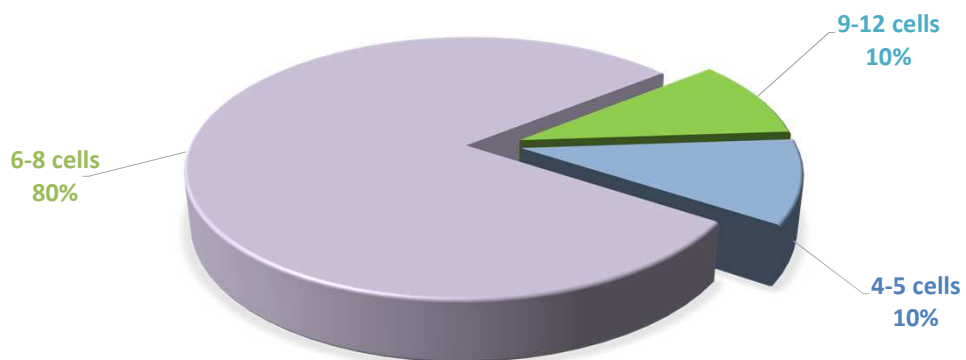
## 2. Cleavage stage biopsy

- ✓ Performed on day 3 embryos (ESHRE 2010 guidelines:  $\geq 6$  cells with less than 30% of fragmentation)
- ✓ Historically most widely used method
- ✓ Information about paternal and maternal genomes
- ✓ Mitotic contribution to aneuploidy
- ✓ Multiple embryos available
- ✓ Fresh transfer
- ✗ Mosaicism and genetic instability
- ⚠ Only 1 cell



## 2. Cleavage stage biopsy

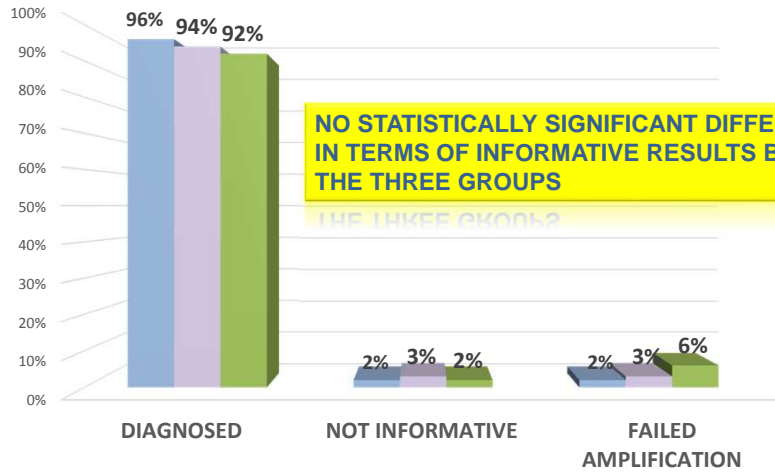
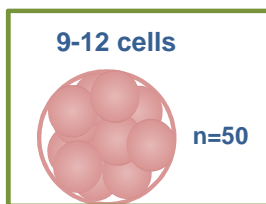
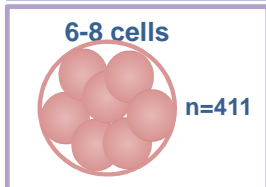
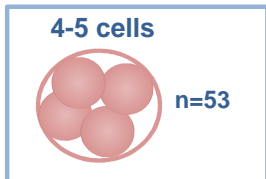
514 embryos



S.I.S.Me.R. data

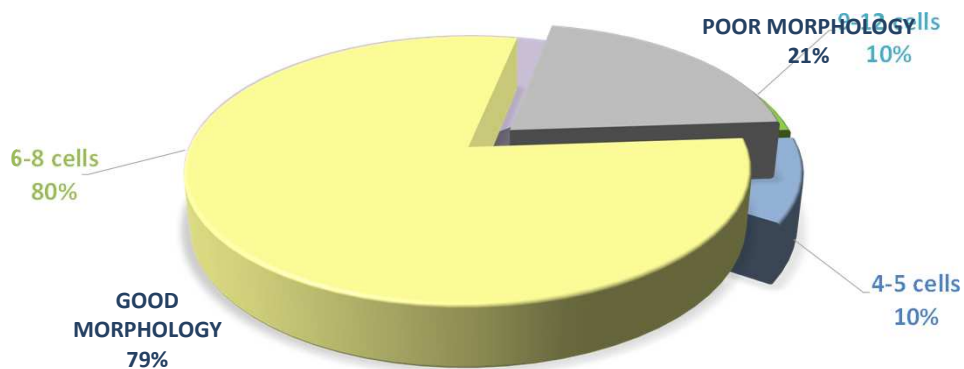


## 2. Cleavage stage biopsy



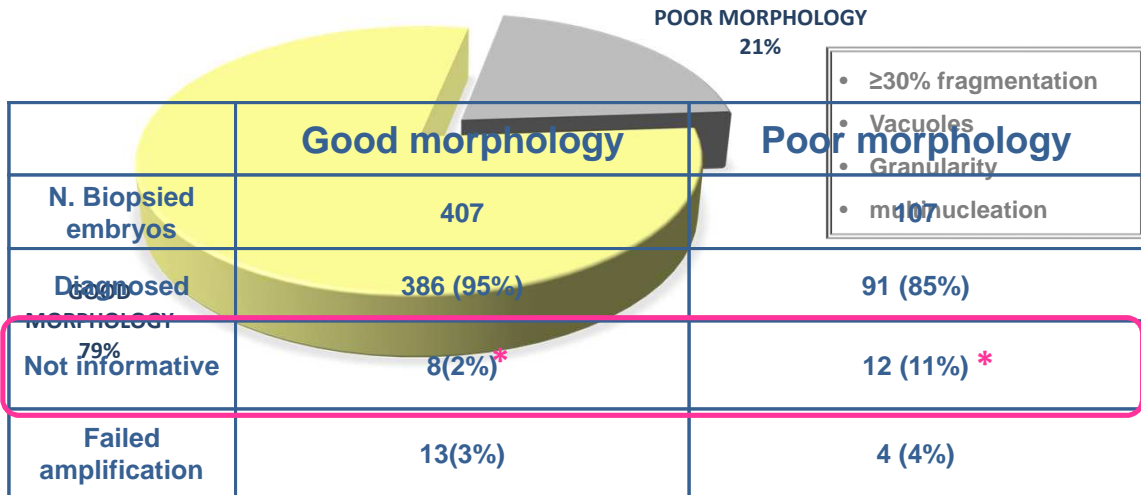
## 2. Cleavage stage biopsy

514 embryos



## 2. Cleavage stage biopsy

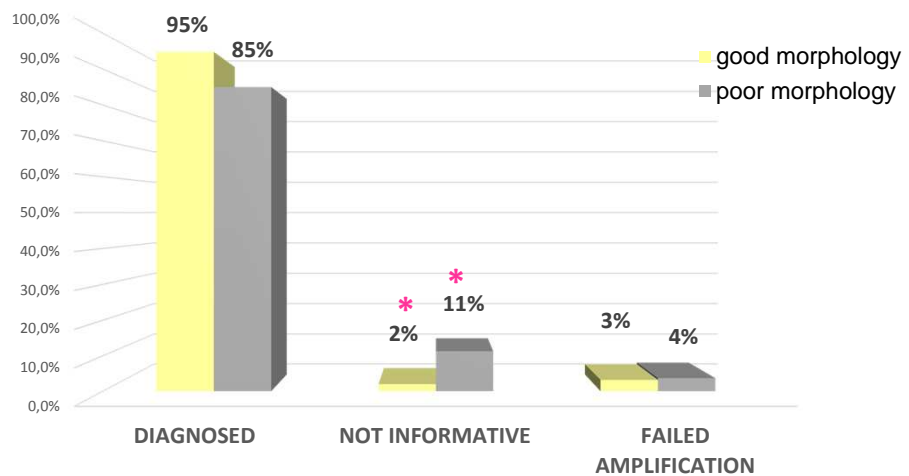
514 embryos



p=0.001



## 2. Cleavage stage biopsy

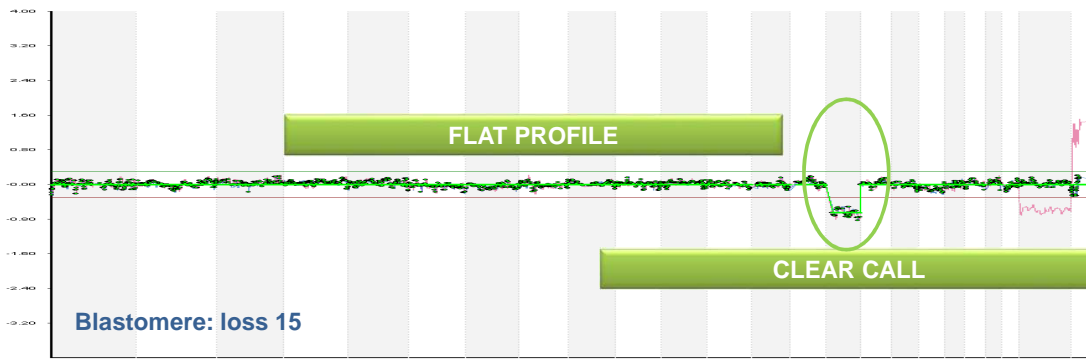


p=0.001



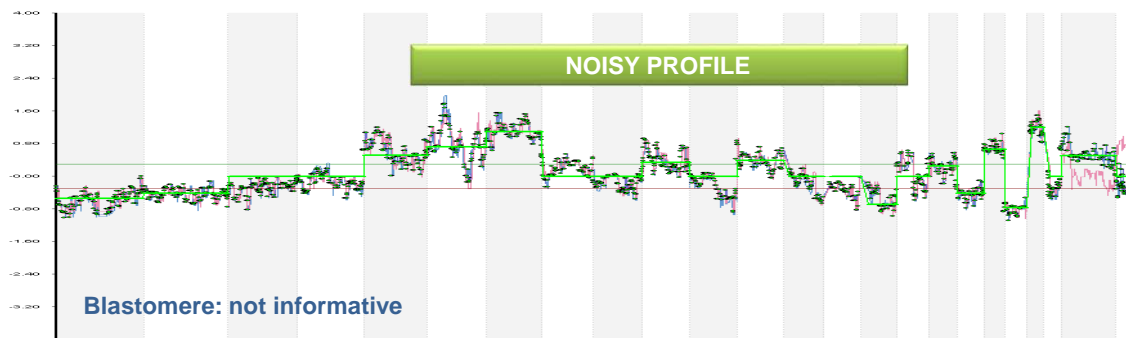
## 2. Cleavage stage biopsy

Good morphology embryo

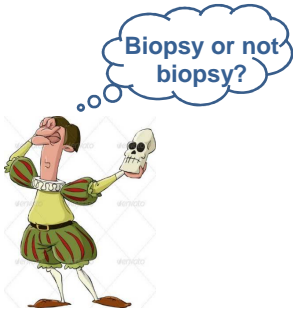


## 2. Cleavage stage biopsy

Poor morphology embryo







## 2. Cleavage stage biopsy

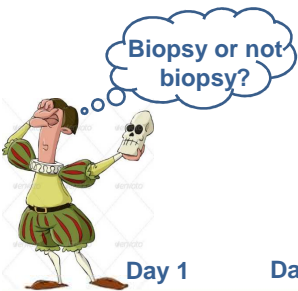
From the genetic lab point of view :

Good morphology embryos:

DO IT!

Poor morphology embryos:  
11.2% of undiagnosed embryos

Biopsy?



## Embryo biopsy

Day 1

Day 2

Day 3

Day 4

Day 5

Day 6

Polar Body Biopsy



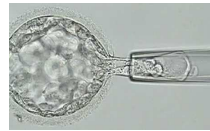
Cleavage stage biopsy



Morula stage biopsy



Blastocyst biopsy  
Trophectoderm    Blastocoelic fluid



### 3. Morula stage biopsy

- ✓ Performed on day 4 embryos
- ✓ Information about paternal and maternal genomes
- ✓ Multiple cells available for diagnosis
- ✓ Fresh transfer

✗ More data needed to evaluate its feasibility



### 3. Morula stage biopsy

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#### Biopsy of Human Morula-Stage Embryos: Outcome of 215 IVF/ICSI Cycles with PGS

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Center for Reproductive Medicine MAMA, Moscow, Russian Federation

##### Abstract

Preimplantation genetic diagnosis (PGD) is commonly performed on biopsies from 6–8-cell-stage embryos or blastocyst trophoctoderm obtained on day 3 or 5, respectively. Day 4 human embryos at the morula stage were successfully biopsied. Biopsy was performed on 709 morulae from 215 ICSI cycles with preimplantation genetic screening (PGS), and 3–7 cells were obtained from each embryo. The most common vital aneuploidies (chromosomes X,Y, 21) were screened by fluorescence *in situ* hybridization (FISH). No aneuploidy was observed in 72.7% of embryos, 91% of those developed to blastocysts. Embryos were transferred on days 5–6. Clinical pregnancy was obtained in 32.8% of cases, and 60 babies were born. Patients who underwent ICSI/PGS treatment were compared with those who underwent standard ICSI treatment by examining the percentage of blastocysts, pregnancy rate, gestational length, birth height and weight. No significant differences in these parameters were observed between the groups. Day 4 biopsy procedure does not adversely affect embryo development *in vitro* or *in vivo*. The increased number of cells obtained by biopsy of morulae might facilitate diagnostic screening. There is enough time after biopsy to obtain PGD results for embryo transfer on day 5–6 in the current IVF cycle.

Citation: Zakharova EE, Zaletova VV, Krivokharchenko AS (2014) Biopsy of Human Morula-Stage Embryos: Outcome of 215 IVF/ICSI Cycles with PGS. PLoS ONE 9(5): e106423. doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0106423

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Data Availability: The authors confirm that all data underlying the findings are fully available without restriction. All relevant data are within the paper and its Supporting Information files.

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Competing Interests: The authors have declared that no competing interests exist.

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Kim et al., Gynecol Obstet (Sunnyvale) 2015, 5:10  
http://dx.doi.org/10.4172/2161-0932.1000330

Research Article

Open Access

#### Day 4 Biopsy Improves Pregnancy Outcome Comparing to Day 3 Biopsy in Preimplantation Genetic Screening

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<sup>2</sup>Department of Animal Science, Chungbuk National University, Chungju, Chungbuk  
<sup>3</sup>Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology, CHA University, Seongnam, Korea

##### Abstract

**Aim:** Preimplantation genetic screening (PGS) is a routine procedure performed in many *in vitro* fertilization (IVF) clinics. Embryo biopsy is an invasive procedure, and it has long been recognised that this procedure can affect the subsequent growth and development of the embryo.

**Materials and methods:** In total, 38 cycles from 31 couples were included in this study. Day 3 biopsy was performed on 120 embryos of 18 patients; 20 patients chose day 4 biopsy with 150 embryos tested. All specimens were screened on a 24-chromosome comparative genomic hybridization (CGH) array.

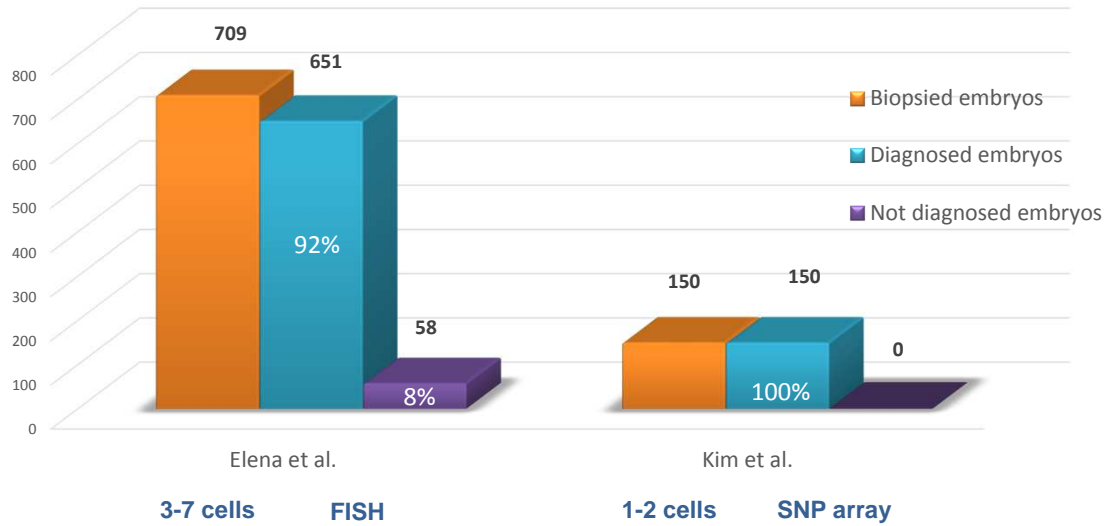
**Results:** Of the embryos subjected to day 3 and day 4 biopsies, 22.2% (28/126) and 28.7% (43/150) were normal, demonstrating that our biopsy system has no obvious detrimental effect on compaction. Embryos were transferred on the mornings of day 4 and day 5. Compared with day 3 biopsy (4/13; 30.8%), the day 4 biopsy (7/16; 43.8%) procedure provides an improved pregnancy rate with embryo transfer in current IVF cycle.

**Conclusions:** We suggest that biopsy performance on day 4, to obtain genetic materials without compromising embryo viability, shows promise for successful PGS in IVF.

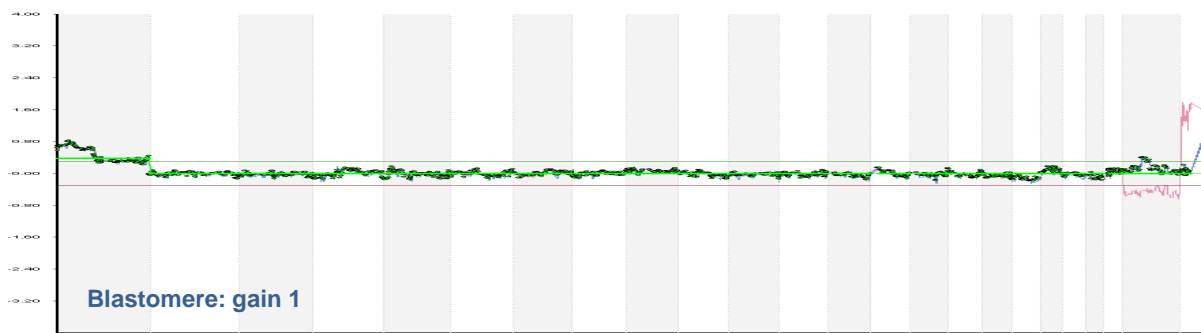


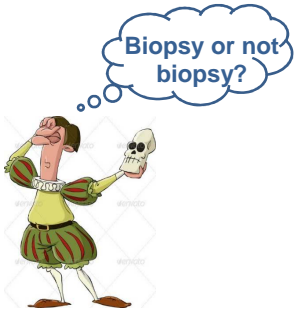
### 3. Morula stage biopsy

Biospy performed on embryos without fragmentation



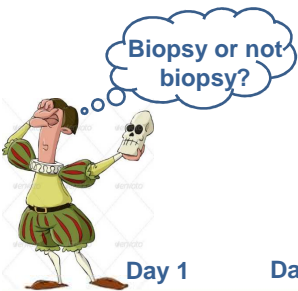
### 3. Morula stage biopsy



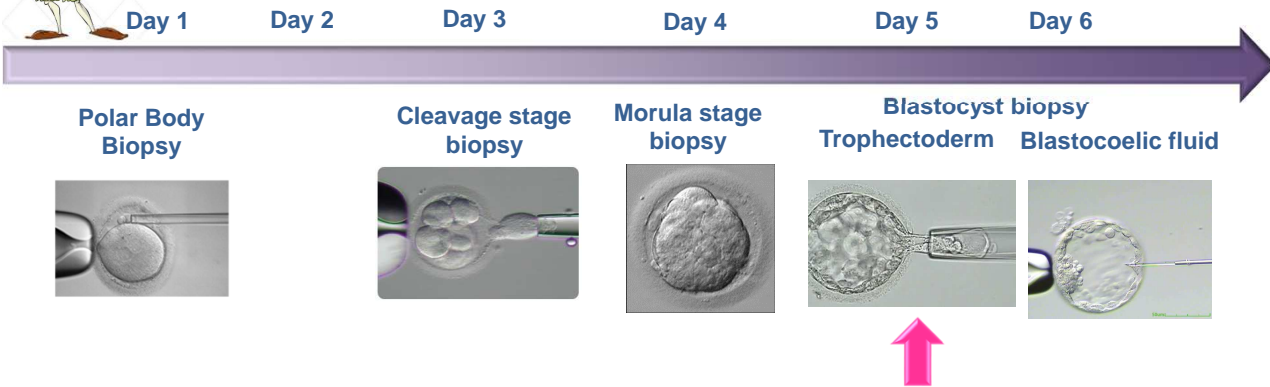


### 3. Morula stage biopsy

Wait for more data!



### Embryo biopsy



## 4. Trophectoderm biopsy

- ✓ Performed on day 5/6 embryos
- ✓ Increasingly the preferred method
- ✓ Multiple cells available for diagnosis-removal of a low proportion of total blastocyst's cell number
- ✓ Fewer embryos available
- ✓ Less mosaicism



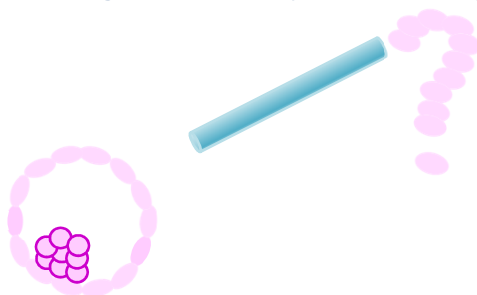
Training!

Over extended embryo culture-frozen transfer



## 4. Trophectoderm biopsy

- Widely demonstrated that there are no detrimental effects on the blastocyst after TE biopsy
- Diagnostic efficiency: 96-98% of diagnosed embryos (depending on the lab)



How many cells can be removed?

**Number of biopsied trophectoderm cells is likely to affect the implantation potential of blastocysts with poor trophectoderm quality**

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<sup>a</sup> Institute of Reproduction and Stem Cell Engineering, Central South University, <sup>b</sup> Reproductive and Genetic Hospital of Chao-Xiangya, <sup>c</sup> Key Laboratory of Stem Cells and Reproductive Engineering, Ministry of Health, and <sup>d</sup> National Engineering and Research Center of Human Stem Cell, Changsha, People's Republic of China



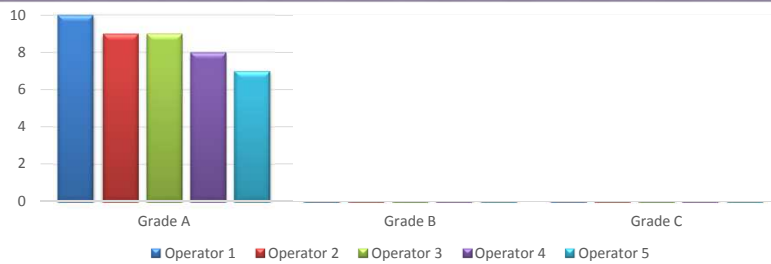
## 4. Trophectoderm biopsy

3097  
blastocysts



Significant difference in the median number of cells in the biopsies obtained by different embryologists

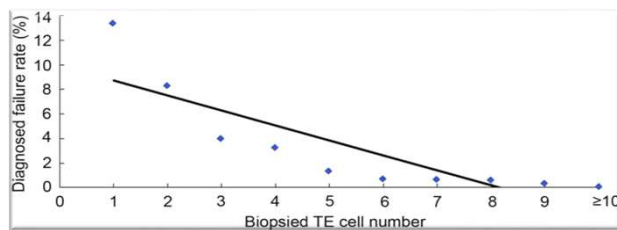
More biopsied cells in embryos with a higher TE score



Zhang et al., *Fert Ster* 2016



## 4. Trophectoderm biopsy DIAGNOSTIC EFFICIENCY

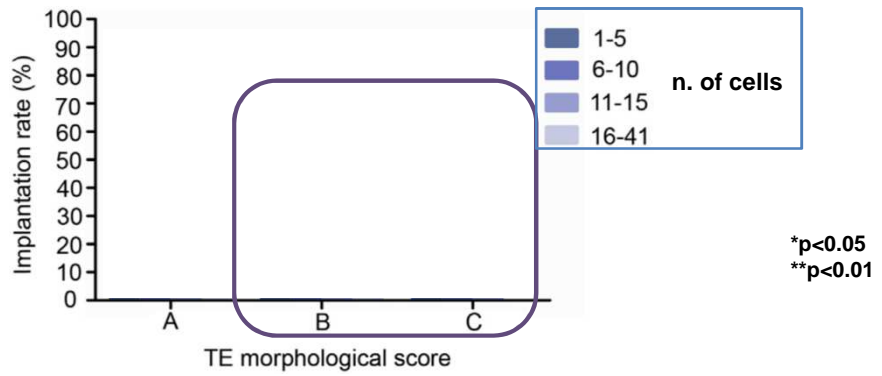


Diagnostic efficiency decreases with the number of biopsied cells

Zhang et al., *Fert Ster* 2016

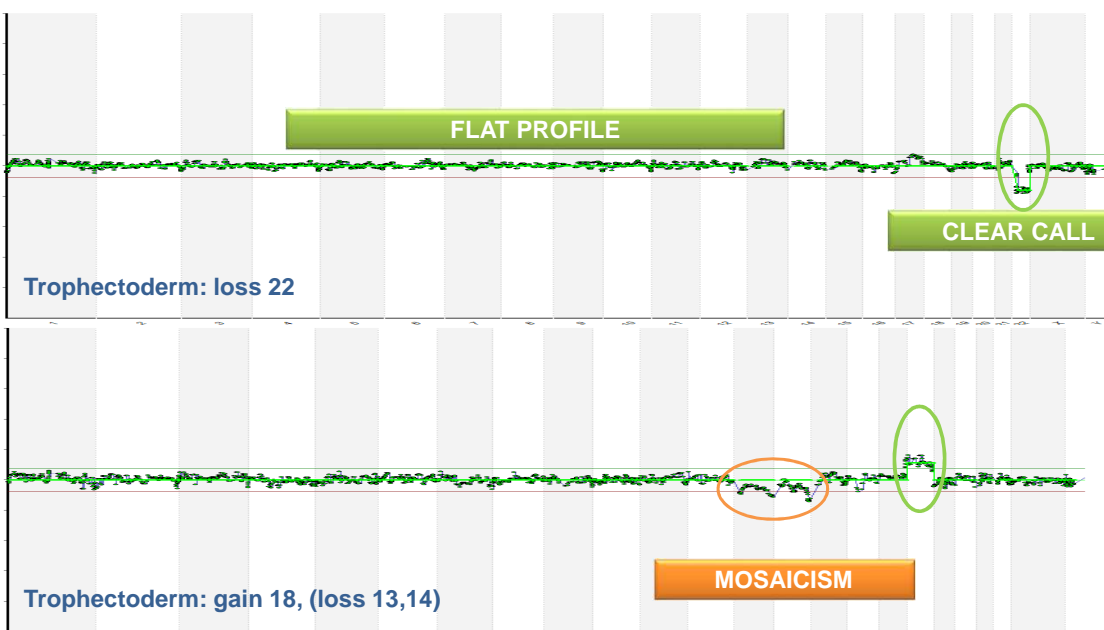


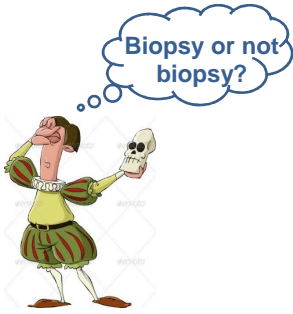
## Trophectoderm biopsy IMPACT ON IMPLANTATION RATE



**In embryos with a low TE score the number of biopsied cells negatively influences the IR**

Zhang et al., *Fert Ster* 2016





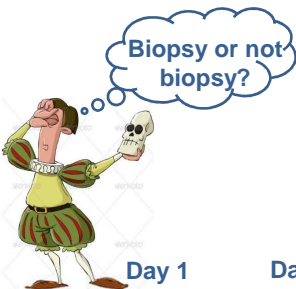
## 4. Trophectoderm biopsy

From the genetic lab point of view :

**DO IT!**

**CONSIDER:**

- TE quality
- number of biopsied cells



## Embryo biopsy

Day 1

Day 2

Day 3

Day 4

Day 5

Day 6

**Polar Body Biopsy**



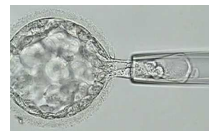
**Cleavage stage biopsy**



**Morula stage biopsy**



**Blastocyst biopsy**  
**Trophectoderm**   **Blastocoelic fluid**



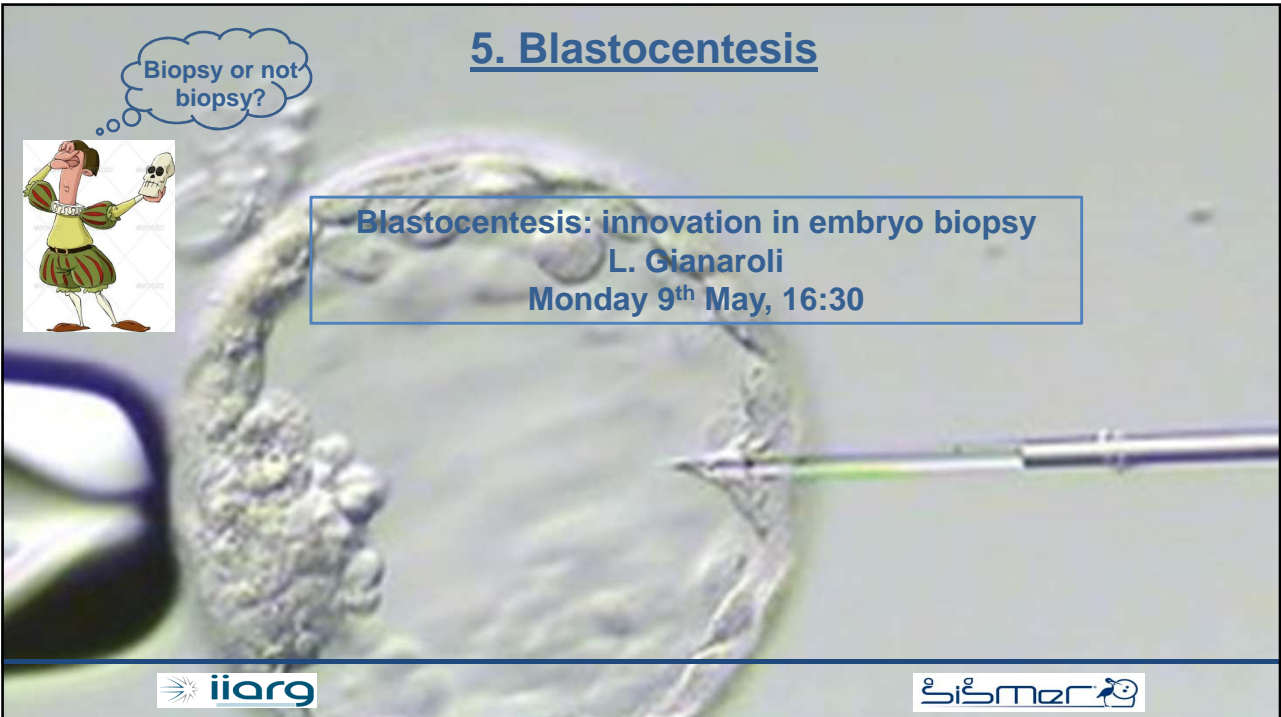


## 5. Blastocentesis

Biopsy or not biopsy?



Blastocentesis: innovation in embryo biopsy  
L. Gianaroli  
Monday 9<sup>th</sup> May, 16:30



## Conclusions

Biopsy or not biopsy?



Day 1

Day 2

Day 3

Day 4

Day 5

Day 6

Polar Body Biopsy



DO IT!

Cleavage stage biopsy



DO IT!

Morphology

Morula stage biopsy



MORE DATA NEEDED

TE score and number of cells

Blastocyst biopsy  
Trophectoderm    Blastocoelic fluid



DO IT!



?



## Poor embryo development: biopsy or not biopsy?

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Bologna, May 8, 2016



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