Clinical Aspects of PGD

SEMRA KAHRAMAN, MD

ISTANBUL MEMORIAL HOSPITAL

ART AND REPRODUCTIVE GENETICS UNIT

In PGD, the number of embryos available for transfer is significantly lower than in regular IVF

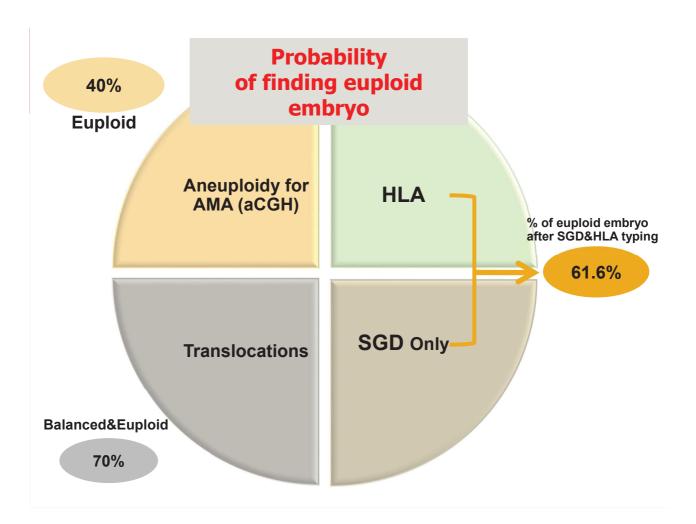
Embryos unsuitable for transfer according to PGD indication

Istanbul Memorial Hospital

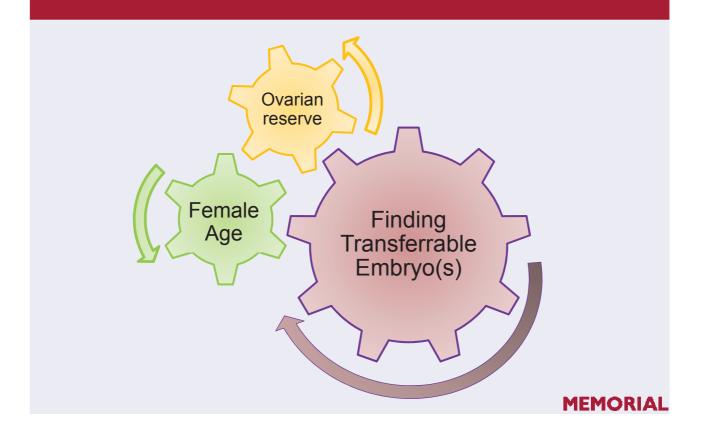
665 PGD cycles with aCGH and 2558 trophectoderm biopsies

- Advanced Maternal Age(≥39-44): 80.2% aneuploid
- Translocation: 71.6% unbalanced

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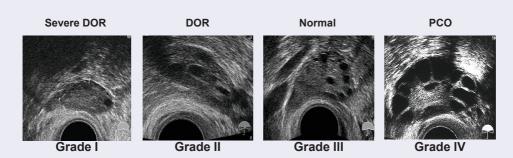
Determinants of Clinical Success



Role of Ovarian Reserve

Most effective current methods for the assesment of ovarian reserve

Antral Follicle Count (AFC)



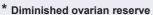
Anti-Mullerian Hormone (AMH) (ng/ml)

> <0.5: severe DOR*

> 0.5-1: DOR

> 1.1-3.5: Normal

> >3.5: Hyperresponder





We looked at....

- Euploidy Rate (ER): (rate of euploid embryos per diagnosed embryo)
- Probability of finding euploid embryo(s) per cycle (POE)

According to

- Maternal age
- Ovarian reserve: (AMH level)
- Ovarian response

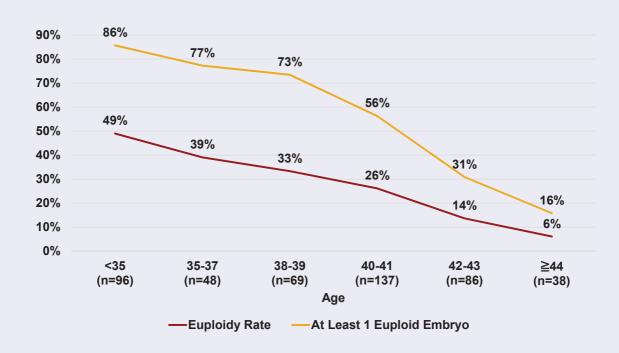
No of cumulus oocyte complexes (COCs)

No of mature oocytes (MII)

No of biopsied embryos

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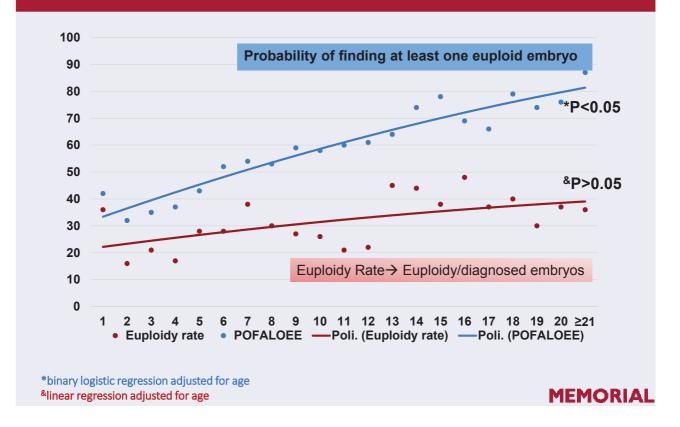
Euploidy Rate & Probability of Finding Euploid Embryo per Cycle According to <u>Maternal Age</u>



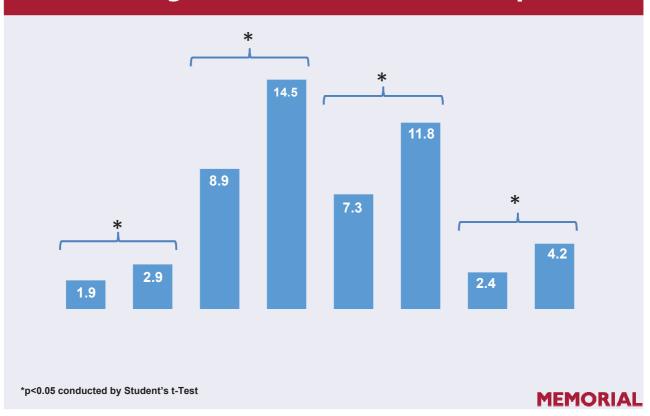
p<0.05, Linear Regression p<0.05, Binary Logistic Regression

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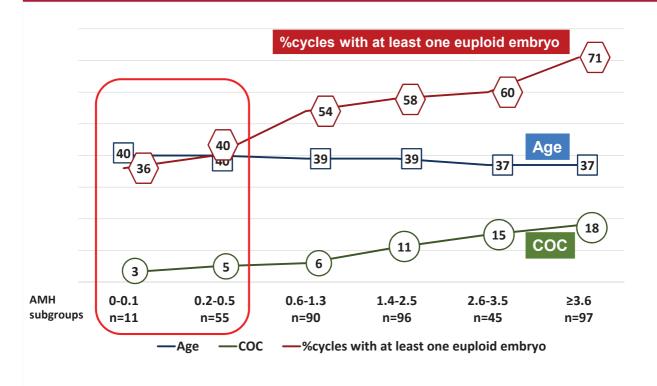
ER and POE per cycle according to retrieved oocytes (COCs) after adjusted for age



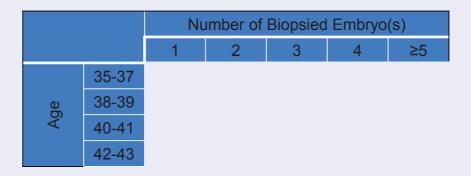
Euploid or no euploid embryos according to ovarian reserve and response



% of cycles with at least one euploid embryo based on AMH subgroups in AMA patients (n=394)



Probability of Finding at Least One Euploid Embryo According to Number of Biopsied Embryo and Age



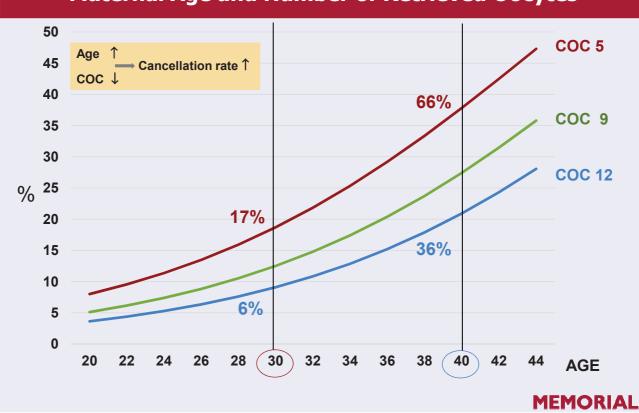
Euploid or no euploid embryos according to cycle characteristics

		N	Mean	SD	p value
D3 FSH (mlu/ml)	No euploid	135	8.2	3.3	0.083
	Euploid	118	7.5	2.8	
Total Gnt dose (IU)	No euploid	248	2227.9	1085.3	0.008
	Euploid	407	2017.2	795.8	
Mean Gnt dose (IU)	No euploid	248	265.3	86.6	0.008
	Euploid	406	236.9	70.2	
Days of stimulation	No euploid	248	8.2	1.9	0.05
	Euploid	406	8.5	1.7	

^{*}Independent samples t-test

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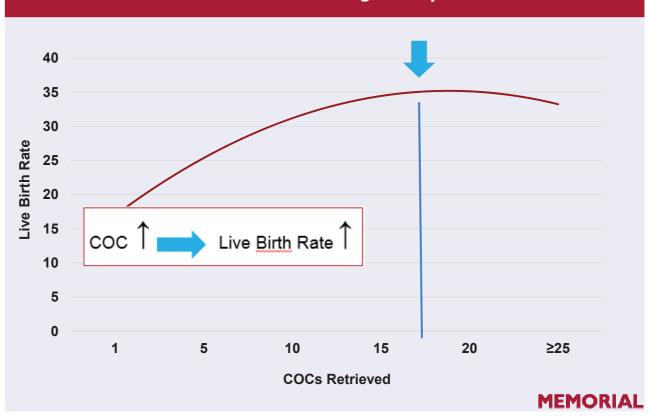
Variables effecting finding euploid embryo

		OR	95.0% CI
Ovarian reserve	AGE	0.81	0.76-0.87
	AMH(ng/ml)	1.17	1.04-1.31
Ovarian response	AGE	0.80	0.75-0.85
	coc	1.09	1.06-1.13
	AGE	0.80	0.75-0.85
	MII	1.13	1.08-1.18
	AGE	0.81	0.76-0.87
	Biopsied embyo	1.66	0.43-1.92

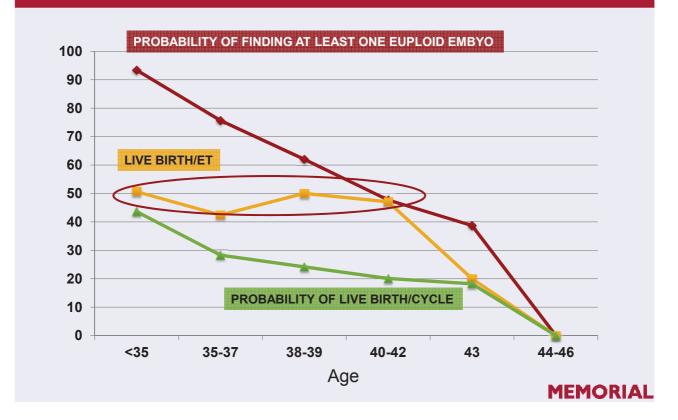
Live Birth Rate per cycle According to Number of Oocytes Retrieved for all Age Groups

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Binary Logistic Regression Analysis



What is the LIVE BIRTH RATE/ET after finding an euploid embryo?



Conclusions Euploidy Rate

- Age is the most significant predictor
- Euploidy rate does not directly correlate with the number of oocytes retrieved after adjusted for age

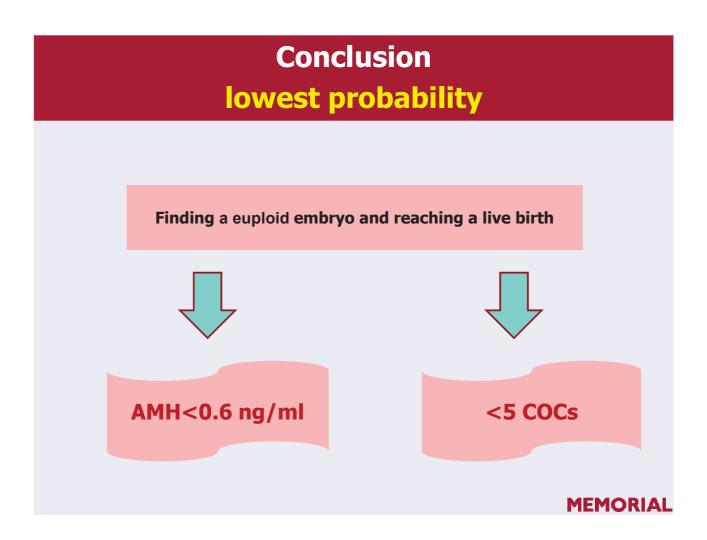
Conclusions POE

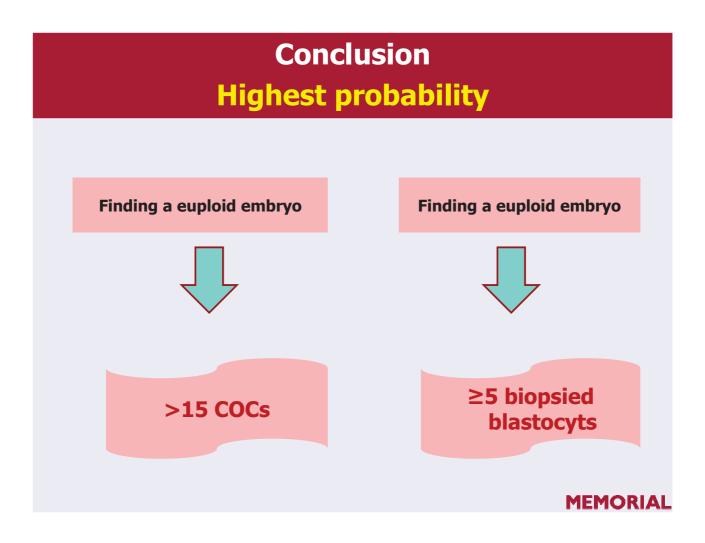
Probability of finding at least one euploid embryo decreases significantly with the advancing maternal age

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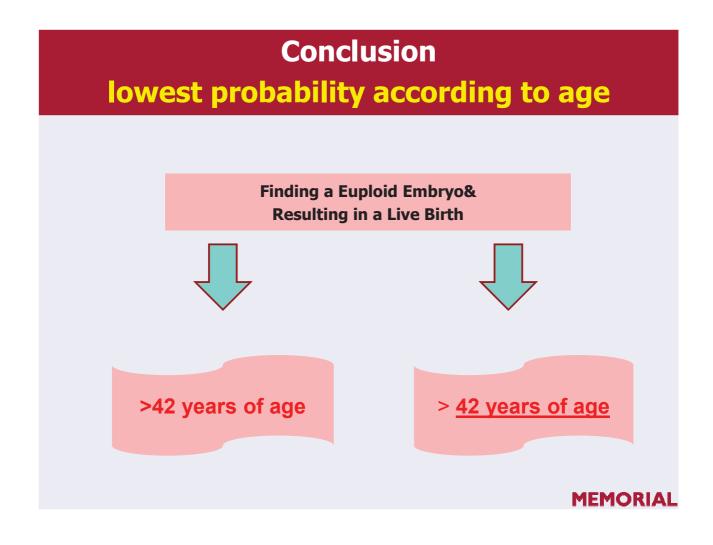
Conclusions Ovarian reserve and response

• AMH level, number of COCs, number of MII oocytes and number of biopsied embryos are the main variables effecting finding at least one euploid embryo after adjusted for age.





Conclusion highest probability Resulting in a live birth 15-20 COCs ≥5 biopsied blastocyts MEMORIAL



Conclusion

• Counseling patients for their chances of finding an euploid embryo based on their age and number of retrieved oocytes or biopsied embryos is the best approach.

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we do need to remember the importance

evaluate and counsel patients for risk factors which may consequently affect their success rate.

ART UNIT

Prof. SEMRA KAHRAMAN MD.

IVF CLINIC

Assoc. Prof. KAHRAMAN ÜLKER MD.
MELİH AYGÜN MD.
AYŞE KARAHASANOĞLU MD.
SEVİNÇ ÜNAL MD.
YÜCEL ŞAHİN MD.
EMRE TURGUT MD.
BETÜL YORGUNLAR MD.
GÖNÜL ÖZER MD.

CRYO / EMBRYO / ANDROLOGY LABORATORY

HAKAN YELKE Bio., MSc.
YEŞİM KUMTEPE Bio. MSc.
CAROLİNE PİRKEVİ Bio. MSc. PhD.
SEMRA MILIK Bio.
SERKAN SELİMOĞLU Bio.
SERHAT ARIKAN Bio.
GÖZDE KÖKSAL BIO. MSc.
NERGİZ ŞEREF BIO. MSc.
FULYA ÖZCAN BIO. MSc.
ELİF METE BIO.
HÜSEYİN ÜMİT ÖZDEMİR BIO.
EMİNE NAL BIO.
ANDROLOGY
Prof. MURAD BAŞAR MD.

CİHANGİR YILANLIOĞLU MD.

REPRODUCTIVE GENETICS

YEŞİM ÖZDEMİR MD. MURAT CETINKAYA M.D.

MOLECULAR GENETICS

HÜSEYİN TAÇ Bio., MSc. NEŞE AJREDİN Bio., MSc.

MOLECULAR CYTOGENETICS

MEHMET ALİ TÜFEKÇİ PHD. ÇİĞDEM ÇINAR Bio. , MSc.

CYTOGENETICS

MESUT YEŞİL Bio., MSc. ÇİLEM ASLAN Bio.

ZEHRA ÖZKAL

AYHAN EMINOĞLU SİBEL BEYAZAY

YASEMIN GÜLER

INTERNATIONAL PATIENT RELATIONSHI

SEVDA KILIÇ MASTURA TYURYAEVA

> DİDEM GÖÇERLİ MÜJGAN KAYNAK ARCHIVE DENİZ SES

DOĞAN ALTAY

NURSING

SAFİYE SARIKOÇ FEYZA KARAOĞLU **NEȘE TULUM GÜLSEREN VAYİÇ ERTÜRK NERMIN SILE GONCA DEMIRTAŞ SEMRA ÇAP SEVGINAR NAR ECE NUR AKBULUT BURCU EMRE GÜLŞAH GÜMÜŞSOY BAŞAK BEKÇİ** YASEMIN DEMIRKESEN **AYTEN ÇALIŞ** ÖZLEM KAHRAMAN **AYGEN DİNCER HICRAN ZAMANOVA MELİHA AKAN**

INFORMATION

ŞEFİYE KURT
SEVİL YUVACAN
EMİNE ÖZGE KAYA
BURCU PALAZ
FERDA ÇETİN
DAMLA ÖNDER
HANIM ADIYAMAN
CEYDA AYBUKEN ENGÜR
KÜBRA ERYILMAZ